# The Automatic Connect

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GNG 2101 Group 5

### **Problem statement**

A need arises for patients with different problems at Saint-Vincent hospital, who find it difficult to sign into wifi connections at home or workplaces. The client Bocar N'diaya requires a password manager software application with hardware components that vary following patients problem (eg; buttons), the software enable password autofill, stores passwords and creates new passwords every month. solving this problem makes wifi connection easy for the patients.

#### Client needs

Construct a device that enables the patient to override the login page when connecting to the hospital WiFi

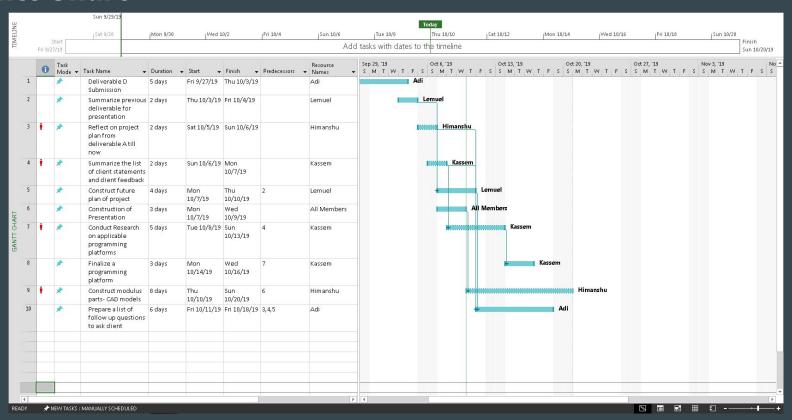
Bocar has stated that the WiFi password changes every month

The connection drops out approximately every 4-5 hours

A solution that ideally works for patients with various disabilities

Potentially have passwords saved on file 2 months in advance

### **Gantt Chart**



### **Sub Assemblies**

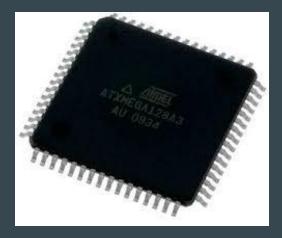
Sub-Assembly is the process that combines or builds components into component assemblies for inclusion in larger end items. It is the combining of components to create a new parent that requires assembly. Sub-assembly for the project are the following.

- Microcontroller (Raspberry Pi)
- Hardware components
- Software Components

### The microcontroller

The microcontroller is a compact integrated circuit designed to govern a specific operation in an embedded system.

Fig 1;



#### Hardware

A Normally Open (NO) Push Button is a push button that, in its default state, makes no electrical contact with the circuit. Only when the button is pressed down does it make electrical contact with the circuit.

Fig 2; Push-button switch



#### Software

```
def wifiscan():
   allSSID = Cell.all('wlan0')
   print allSSID # prints all available WIFI SSIDs
   myssid= 'Cell(ssid=vivekHome)' # vivekHome is my wifi name
   for i in range(len(allSSID )):
        if str(allSSID [i]) == myssid:
                a = i
                myssidA = allSSID [a]
                print b
                break
        else:
                print "getout"
   # Creating Scheme with my SSID.
   myssid= Scheme.for_cell('wlan0', 'home', myssidA, 'vivek1234') # vive1234 is the p
   print myssid
   myssid.save()
   myssid.activate()
wifiscan()
```

### Why our design

- Easy to use
- Minimum effort needed
- Can go with patients wherever they go
- Low Maintenance
- Affordable



#### **Constraints**

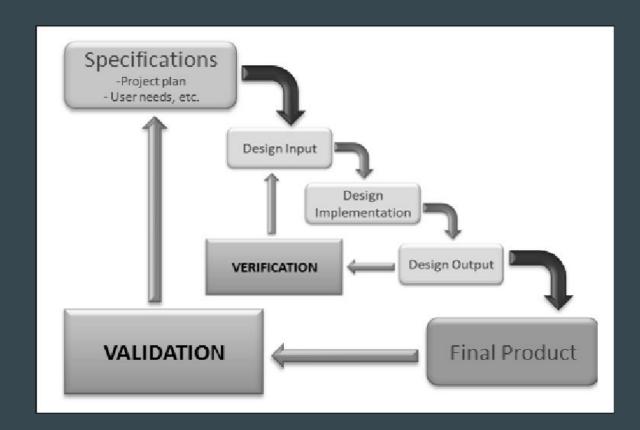
- Limited to somewhere about \$100 or less
- The design must be able to accommodate as many as patients possible
- The final constraints would be the size of the button and how and where we would place it so it is easily accessible for every patient

## Benchmarking

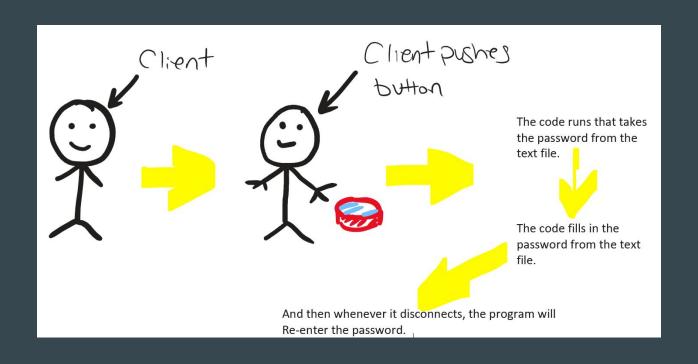
Benchmarks	iOS Software	Wifi Web Login	Button
Storage	2	5	3
Cost	5	2	3
Update	5	3	5
Customer Service	4	4	5
Handling/Servicing	3	4	4
Total	19	18	20

### **Design Process**

The design process we choose was Waterfall.



### **Client Feedback**



### Feasibility Study

- Technical
- Economical
- Legal
- Operational
- Schedule

### Conclusion

Thank you for Listening

Any questions?