Deliverable G Prototype 2

GNG 1103 Group 20

Abstract

This document contains the feedback from clients after the third client meeting, the 2D floor plan and 3D model of the third building concept, as well as the results for the prototyping test plans for the third concept.

Table of Contents

1.	Objective	.5
2.	Client feedback	.6
3.	Our plans for the prototyping test	.6
4.	Concept 3, iterated from concept 1, floor plan:	.9
5.	Fire escape plan:	.9
6.	3D model	10
7.	UPCOMING PRESENTATIONS NOTES:	10
8.	Link to Wrike	11

1. Objective

Develop your second prototype and devise a test plan for your third. Get customer feedback to improve your prototype.

Instructions:

- Clearly outline the feedback received from your client on the first prototype. Specify how the feedback will be used to inform future design choices and improve the solution.
- 2. Develop a prototype which will be used to achieve the objectives your team has set out in the plan created in the last deliverable (i.e. you need to answer the "why", "what" and "when" of prototyping).
 - 1. <u>Remember</u>: a prototype is not normal work on your project, it is something that has a smaller, targeted objective with specific tests and measurable results.
- 3. An analytical, numerical or experimental model should also be included.
- 4. Carefully document your prototyping test plan, analysis and your results (including detailed images of your prototype).
- 5. You must gather feedback and comments on your ideas and prototype from potential clients/users that you have sought out and identified on your own.
- 6. If applicable, update your target specifications, detailed design and BOM after tests are completed and analyzed.
- Finally, teams will outline a prototyping test plan based on the template provided in "Lecture 11 – Prototyping Test Plan" to prepare to build the second prototype in the next deliverable.
 - 1. Typical objectives include: communicating and getting feedback for ideas, verifying feasibility, analyzing critical subsystems or system integration or reducing risk and uncertainty.
 - 2. You must also define a stopping criteria which will allow you to end the test once you are satisfied that you have achieved your testing objectives.
 - Be very clear about what you are trying to measure and define an acceptable fidelity based on the objectives of your prototype.
 See <u>https://en.wiki.makerepo.com/wiki/Professional_development/Design_thinking/Design_for_manufacturing</u>.

Since this will be your team's second prototype, your justifications and reasoning for this prototype should include a short explanation of your results from your previous prototype and how this second prototype continues the development of your solution. This second prototype should be of a **critical** (or *the* most critical) subsystem, in order to ensure that your design will work (keeping in mind the total course budget of \$100 or 50\$). Get creative in order to improve your results.

Again, it is strongly recommended that you start early while keeping in mind that this prototype can be integrated into a more comprehensive prototype later and that you will have twice as much time for your final prototype and another week after that to create the demonstration prototype for Design Day.

2. Client feedback

Same as that stated in deliverable F:

- Don't need a drying room.
- Bigger bathrooms or less stalls worried not enough leg room.
- Loading bay should be attached to the Lab.
- Storage room to be closer to lab.
- If possible, add more office spaces.
- Like the design
- Like that there is a walk-in freezer
- Like the additional storage room
- Like that an estimated cost was shared

From the feedback, the second concept was iterated with a removed drying room and reconfiguration of rooms in the left wing, with the storage and loading bay now attached to the lab. Right wing has two more offices. Washroom was slightly extended in size.

Different from deliverable F, the loading bay has been changed to being external with a canopy. Two layers of double doors leading into the lab, two layers for insulating heat and reducing energy usage.

Also changed the layout of the lobby to better suit a dome shaped roof. Different aesthetic design.

3. Our plans for the prototyping test

Results are like that stated in deliverable F. Differences are highlighted in yellow.

- 1. Loads withstand able by subsections of the building. Subsections will be defined by homogeneous structure, where it can be generalized more easily into a single expression.
- 2. Occupant capacity.
- 3. Wheelchair accessibility.
- 4. Fire emergency evacuation and controlling of fire.
- 5. Accessibility of building in high snow accumulation.

Tests that could be omitted:

3. Wheelchair accessibility

Our building is one story and is planned to use wheelchair ramps on all external doors. All hallways are at least 1.1 meter wide, and bends leave extra space. Public and single washrooms have wheelchair accessible stalls. Wheelchairs are generally 1.07m L X 0.66m W. Could iterate hallways to be extra 0.2 meters wider.

For test 1:

Mathematical focused prototype.

WHY-

The test is to determine the expected weight at worst case scenario. The purpose of which is to estimate the weight that must be withstand able by the roof.

WHAT-

The estimated weight of frozen snow at 30 cm thick, heaviest estimate, is 3 kilograms per square meter. If there were to be people on top of the roof, maximum weight estimate can be increased to 80 kilograms per square meter. Leaving a 50% precaution, the roof must withstand 120 kg/m^2 or 24.6 pounds per square foot. If assuming the angle of the roof to be 30 degrees, the applied force experienced by the roof would be 1019.5 N/m^2.

Pressure withstand able by roof = weight of roof per m^2 X 9.81 m/s^2 X cos(30 degrees) + 1019.5 N/m^2

Pressure withstand able by roof = weight of roof per m^2 X 8.50 m/s^2 + 1019.5 N/m^2

For test 2:

Analytical comprehensive prototype

WHY-

The test is to determine the maximum capacity of each room before it would be considered crowded. The purpose is to understand the room capacities and iterate if needed.

WHAT-

Lab: ~14 Male washroom: 7 Female washroom: 6 Kitchen: ~5 Board room: ~12 Office: 12 Workspace: 4 Lobby: ~15 For test 4:

Analytical comprehensive prototype

WHY-

The test is to determine the fire escape routes and whether they are feasible. The purpose is to develop a fire escape plan.

WHAT-

Refer to image below.

For test 5:

Comprehensive analytical prototype

WHY-

The test is to determine the considerations and minimal height of components to function in highest snow accumulation. The purpose of which is to determine the feasibility of components and understand the special considerations.

WHAT-

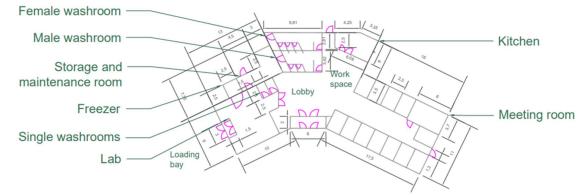
Estimated max height of snow is 400 cm (highest record in Ontario was 464 cm in 1886).

Building cannot be reached by walking or driving at such heights, so building should be accessible as normal in 0.5 meters of snow, 50 cm, functional in waist deep snow, which is 1 meter, 100 cm, and would not shut down in 4 meters of snow, 400 cm, in case of trapped individuals.

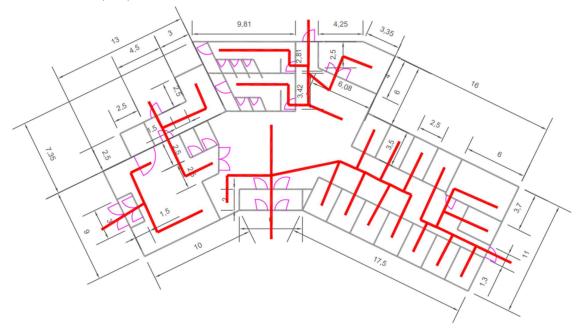
We do not have the necessary details and knowledge, i.e., location of vents, to create a detailed analysis.

Main and emergency exits should be fitted with a canopy, the size and height of which can be determined by more experienced engineers. Same with positioning of ventilation systems.

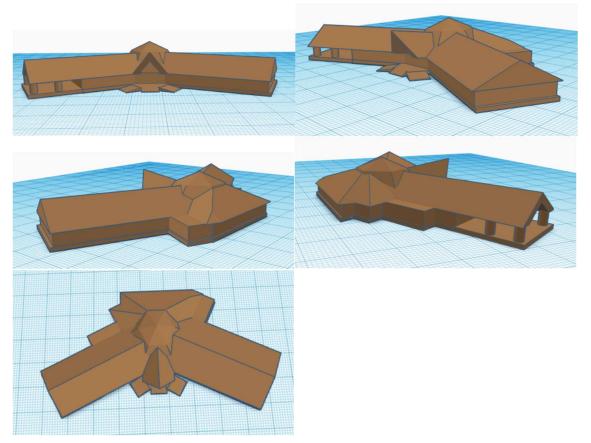
4. Concept 3, iterated from concept 1, floor plan:



5. Fire escape plan:



6. 3D model



7. UPCOMING PRESENTATIONS NOTES:

For design day presentation:

Talk about what building is, why it is better/good, key features and why they are good. Do not discuss problem statement, focus on the building/subsystems themselves.

*No problem statements

For client presentation, present basically the same as for the judges earlier in the day.

For in class presentation: Talk about mistakes you made, how you corrected them, progress in the course and your approach to it.

How did we test each subsystem? Results? What did you learn from them? Did they show any changes you needed to make? Etc.

8. Link to Wrike

https://www.wrike.com/frontend/ganttchart/index.html?snapshotId=ZwFPULilvPnxkE7eEMWHx8Wq I9EB04Aj%7CIE2DSNZVHA2DELSTGIYA