

BYP

In-line Measurement Device

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`All_they_do_is_win`

Empathize



Benchmarking

USER

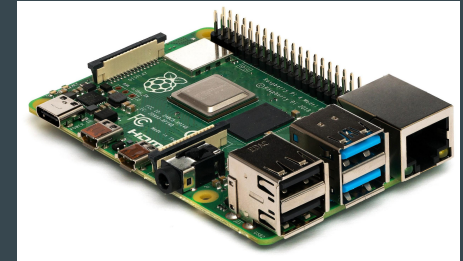
Walmart 
Canada

amazon

You Tube

TECHNICAL

- Diffluid Beer Refractometer
- Beer Wort Refractor
- Raspberry Pi
- ispindel



In-line system Needs

September 30th, 2022



Table 1.1: Transferring Needs to Design Criteria - In-Line System

User Needs	Design Criteria
System needs to display accurate specific gravity values	Accurate Reading of Specific Gravity (% error) Method to Display Results (Plato) Temperature limit (°C)
System needs to read specific gravity measurements every 10-30 seconds	Maximum Reading Value (frequency) Timing (min) Automation Control
Material has to be food grade (silicon, stainless steel)	Safety and standards (Food-grade) Public Safety
Device must fit in a 1-½" piping system between two tri clamps	Maximum diameter (Inches) Attachment Capability (clamping)
Device is yeast resistant and easy to clean	Filtration Support (% filtration) Usability under constant conditions Quick set up/takedown process (min)

Users



Lab technician, head/assistant brewers, and everyday people



Define

User Needs

Wants:

- Device that measures specific gravity
- Does not require manual testing (hydrometer)
- Easy to remove for cleaning
- Food grade material



Does Not Want:

- Read measurement by eye (hydrometer)
- Takes a long time to display results

Problem Statement:

Beyond the Pale needs an accurate and sanitary method to measure, display and store the specific gravity, in a time-efficient and self-regulating process.



Ideate

Possible Solutions

3 subsystems:

1. Measurement of Specific Gravity

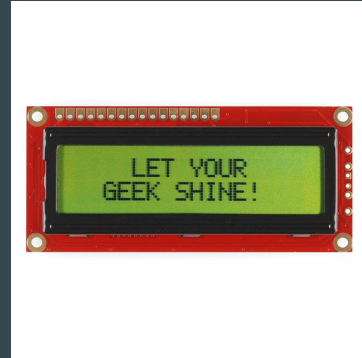
Orifice Plate Flow meter,
SG probe, Digital
Refractometer, Latch &
density sensor

2. Display Method

Bluetooth to device, LCD screen,
green/red light

3. Attachment/physical built
of devices

Triclamp system,
Pressure tap layout, door
system

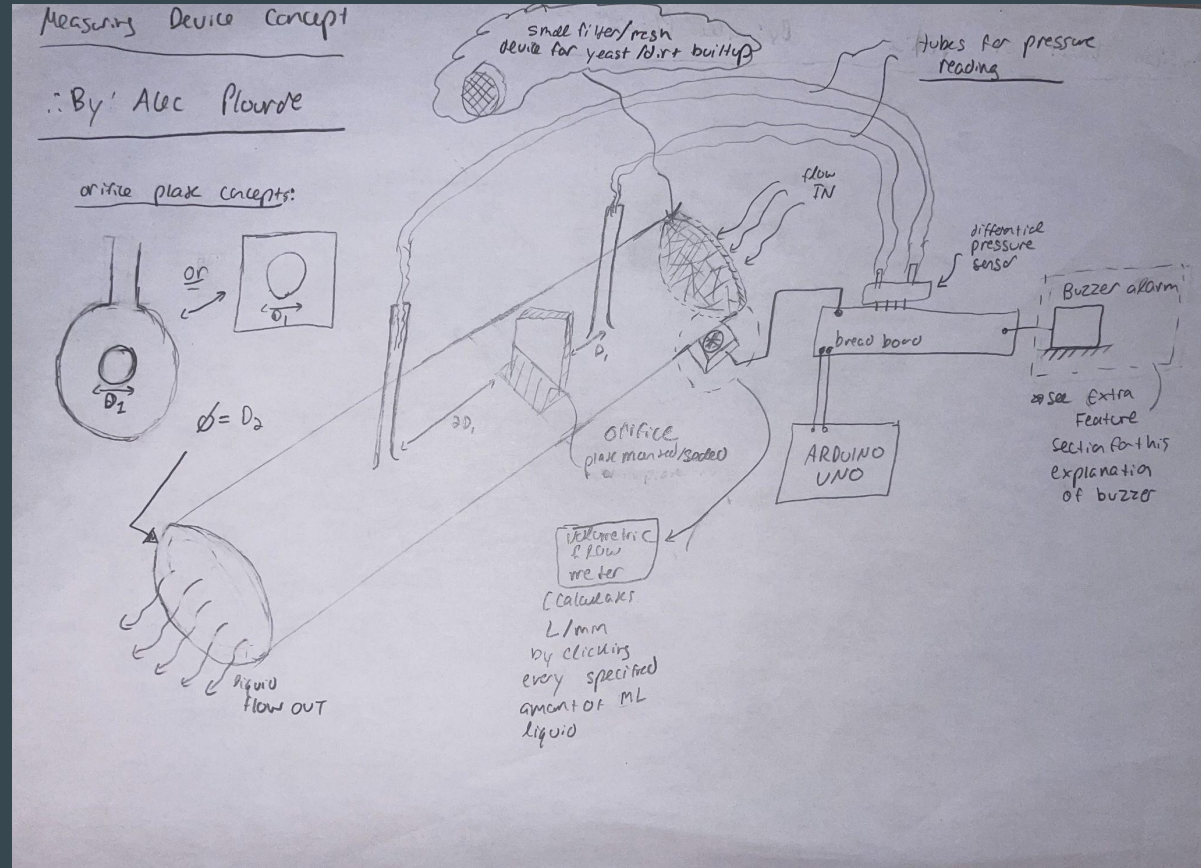


The Chosen Concept

SG = Orifice Plate flow meter

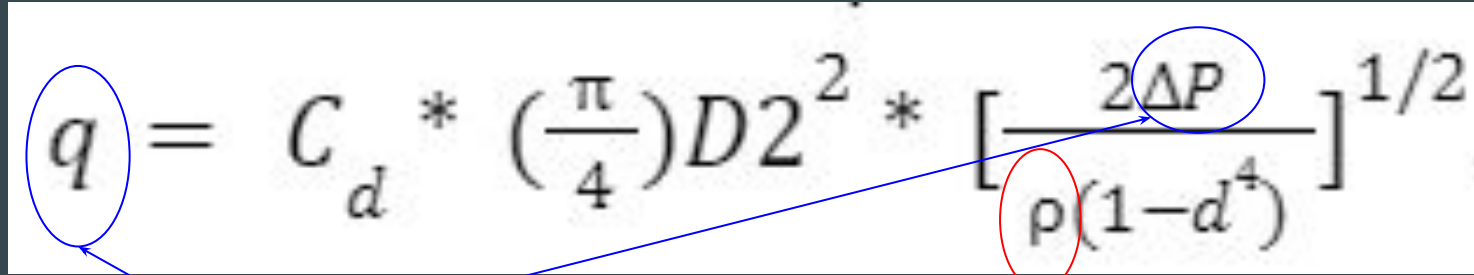
Display = LCD screen

Physical built = as seen in figure



How does it work? - Mathematical Analysis

Using fluid dynamic concepts: Bernoulli Equation and Continuity Equation


$$q = C_d * \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) D^2 * \left[\frac{2\Delta P}{\rho(1-d^4)} \right]^{1/2}$$

Values to get from
sensors

What we want
 $SG = \rho_{liq}/\rho_{water}$

q = volumetric flow (m^3/s)

ΔP = Difference in Pressure

C_d = coefficient of discharge

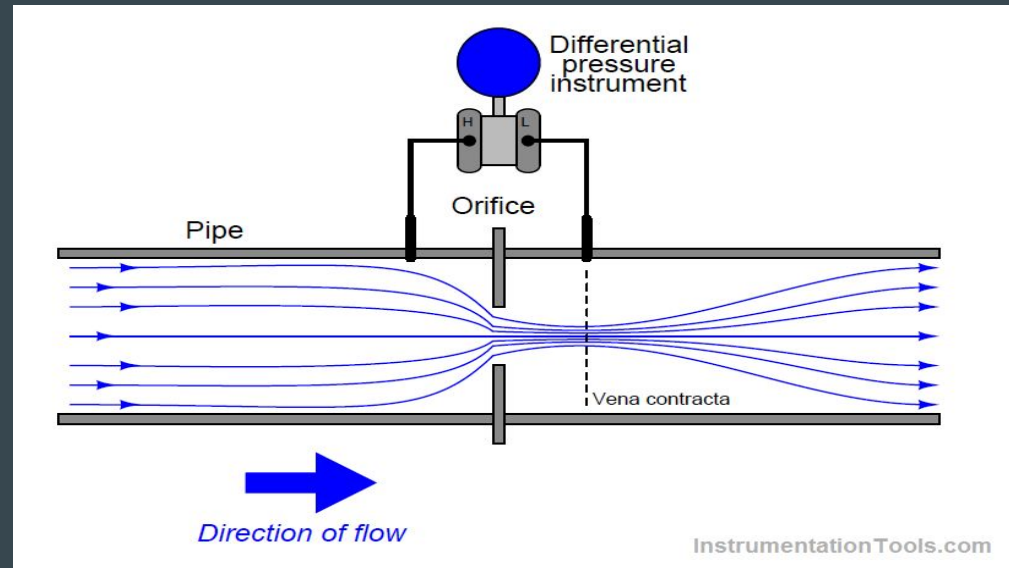
D^2 = orifice plate diameter (3x smaller than main pipe diameter)

d = diameter ratio D_1/D_2

Sensors Used



Volumetric Flow meter (q value)



Orifice Pressure Concept

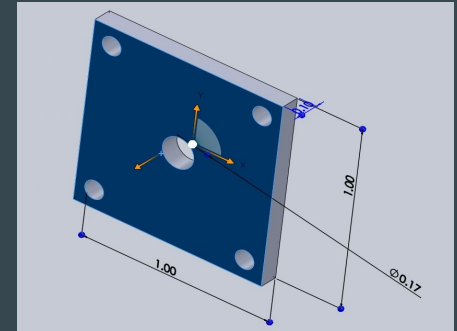
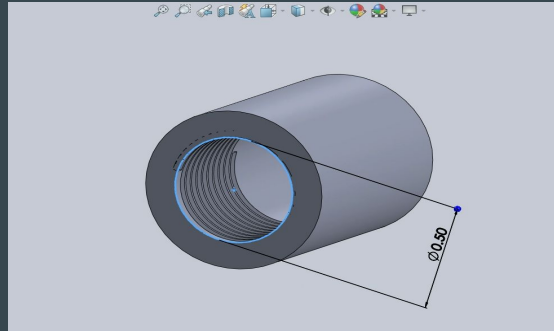
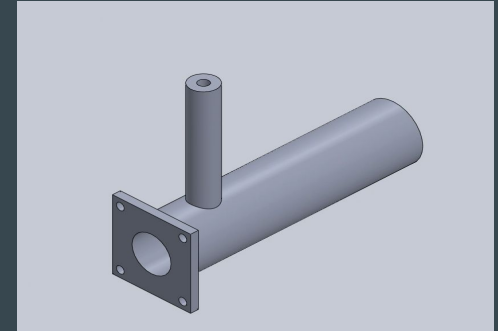
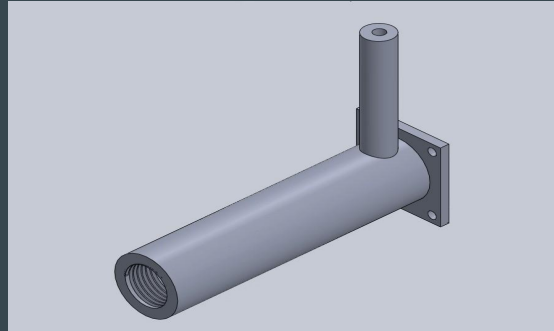


Differential Pressure Sensor (ΔP value)

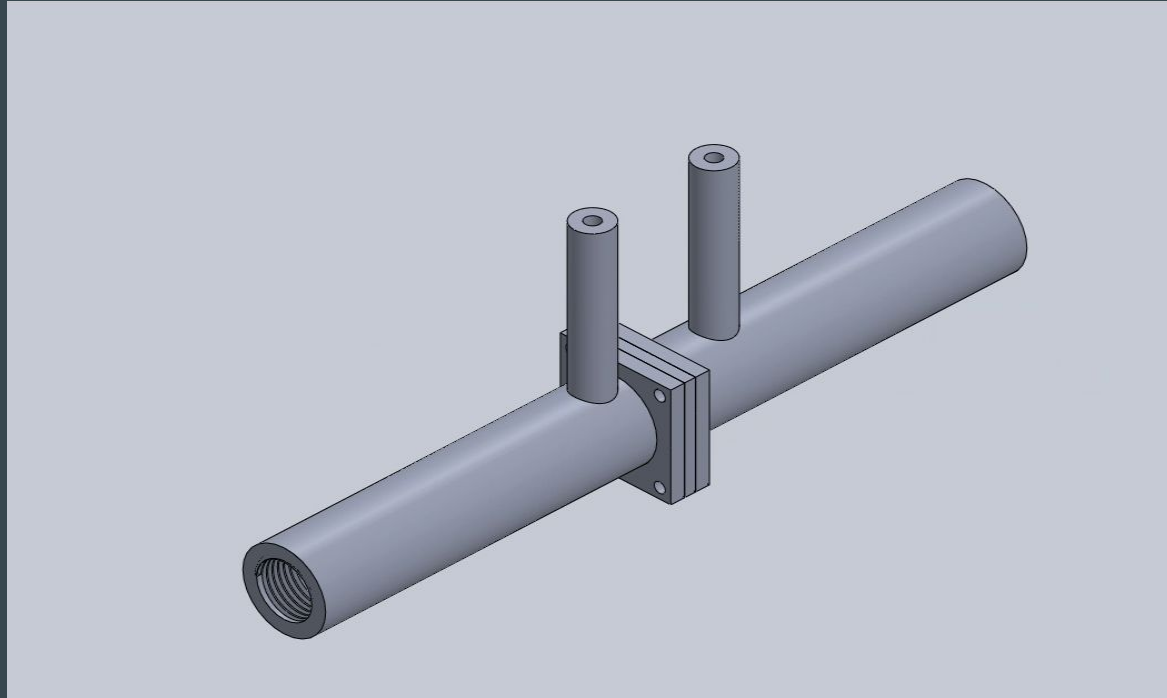
Prototype

Prototype 1 - SolidWorks Design

- Volumetric Flow Sensor
- Orifice Plate
- Differential Pressure Sensor

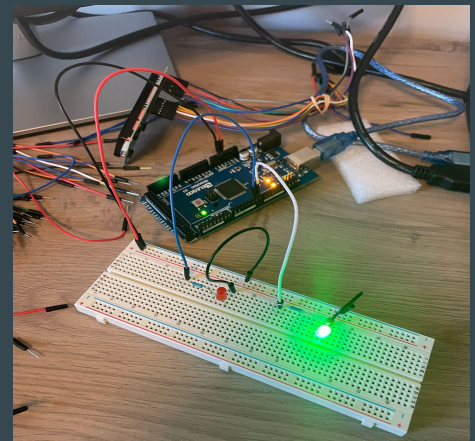
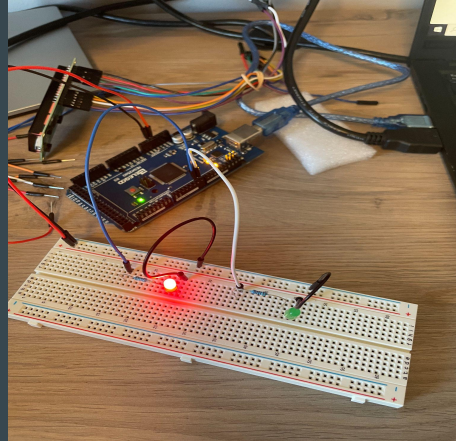
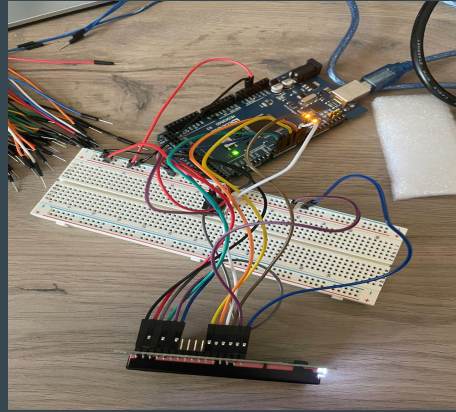


Prototype 1 - SolidWorks Design



Prototype 1 - Wiring of Components

- Wiring the LCD screen
- Testing LED lights
- Differential Pressure Sensor test



Prototype 2 - 3D Print



Our first 3D print of half of the pipe

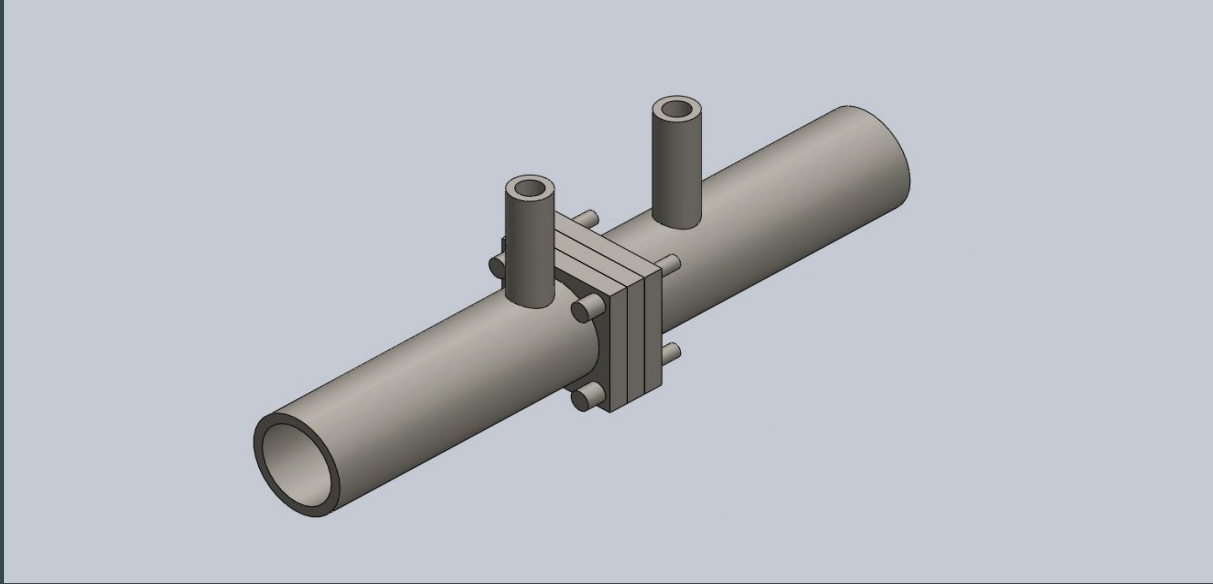


First error was the way it was printed



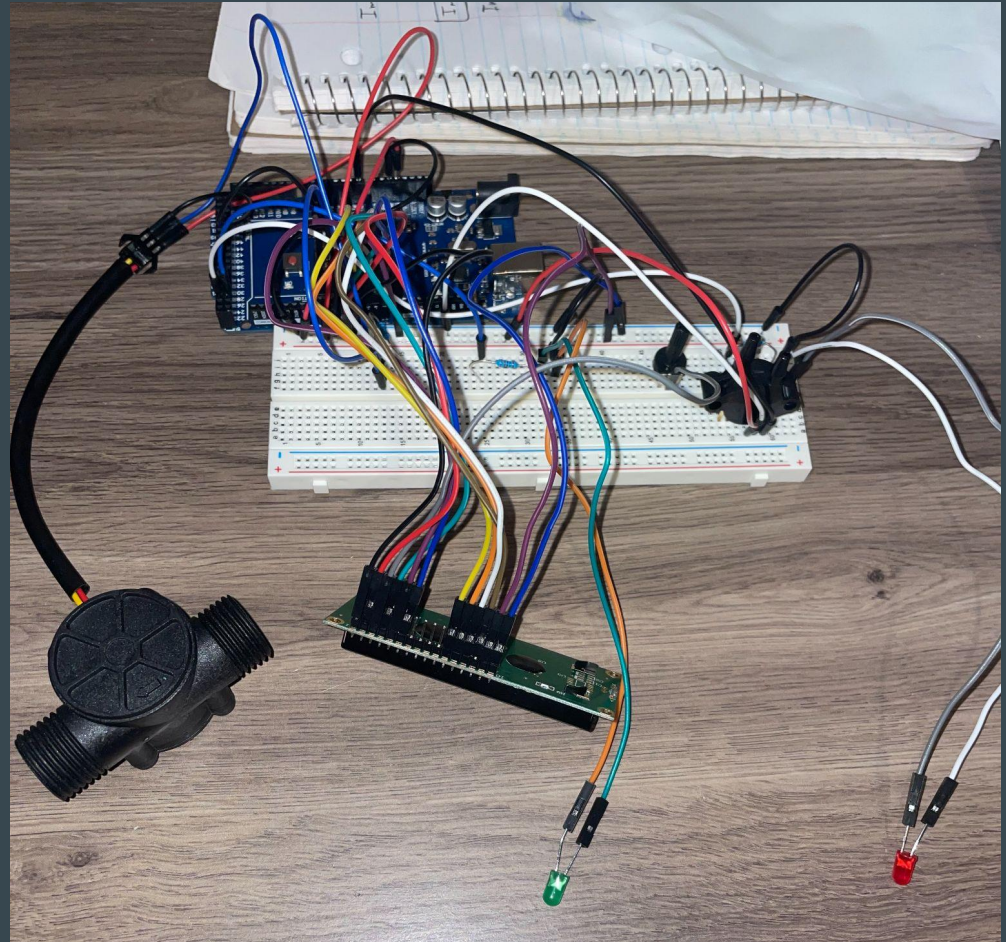
Diameter sizing error for volumetric flow meter

Prototype 2 - Revising SolidWorks Design



Prototype 2 - Wiring Everything Together

- LCD screen
- Red and green LEDs
- Volumetric Flow Meter
- Differential Pressure Sensor



Testing/Conclusion

Next steps

- Testing volumetric flow meter code
- Reprinting some 3D materials
- Testing the design all put together
